METHOD METHOD

METHOD

METHOD method-name

OF [INTERFACE] interface-name

IS subprogram-name

END-METHOD

Function

The METHOD statement assigns a subprogram as the implementation to a method, outside an interface definition. It is used if the interface definition in question is included from a copycode and is to be implemented in a class-specific way.

The METHOD statement may only be used within the DEFINE CLASS statement and after the interface definition. The interface and method names specified must be defined in the interface definitions.

Example

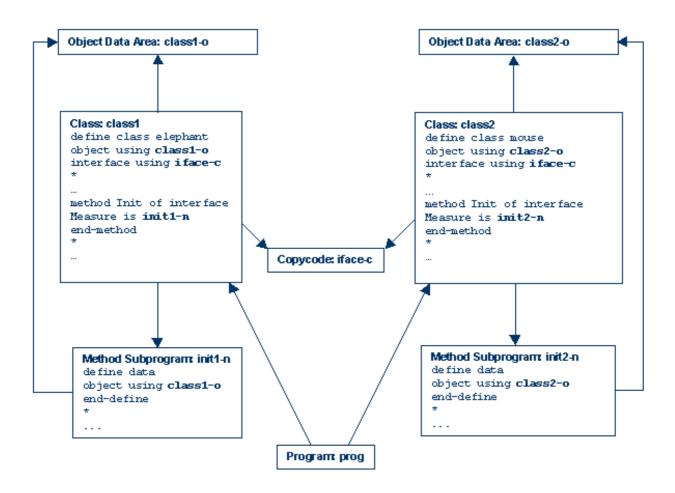
The following example shows how the same interface is implemented differently in two classes and how the PROPERTY statement and the METHOD statement are used to achieve this.

The interface *Measure* is defined in the Copycode *iface-c*. The Classes *Elephant* and *Mouse* implement both the interface *Measure*. Therefore, they both include the Copycode *iface-c*. But the Classes implement the property *Height* using different variables from their respective object data areas, and they implement the method *Init* with different subprograms. They use the PROPERTY statement to assign the selected data area variable to the property and the METHOD statement to assign the selected subprogram to the method.

Now the program *prog* can create objects of both classes and initialize them using the same method *Init*, leaving the specifics of the initialization to the respective Class implementation.

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Example METHOD



The following shows the complete contents of the Natural modules used in the example above:

Copycode: iface-c

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```
interface Measure
  *
  property Height(p5.2)
  end-property
  *
  property Weight(i4)
  end-property
  *
  method Init
  end-method
  *
  end-interface
```

METHOD Example

Class: class1

```
define class elephant
  object using class1-o
  interface using iface-c
  *
  property Height of interface Measure is height
  end-property
  *
  property Weight of interface Measure is weight
  end-property
  *
  method Init of interface Measure is init1-n
  end-method
  *
  end-class
  end
```

Object Data Area: class1-o

```
* *** Top of Data Area ***

1 HEIGHT P 5.2

1 WEIGHT I 2

* *** End of Data Area ***
```

Method Subprogram: init1-n

```
define data
  object using class1-o
  end-define
  *
  height := 17.3
  weight := 120
  *
  end
```

Class: class2

```
define class mouse
  object using class2-o
  interface using iface-c
  *
  property Height of interface Measure is size
  end-property
  *
  property Weight of interface Measure is weight
  end-property
  *
  method Init of interface Measure is init2-n
  end-method
  *
  end-class
  end
```

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Example METHOD

Object Data Area: class2-o

```
* *** Top of Data Area ***

1 SIZE P 3.2

1 WEIGHT I 1

* *** End of Data Area ***
```

Method Subprogram: init2-n

```
define data
  object using class2-o
  end-define
  *
  size := 1.24
  weight := 2
  * end
```

Program: prog

```
define data local
 1 #o handle of object
 1 #height(p5.2)
 1 #weight(i4)
 end-define
 create object #o of class "Elephant"
  send "Init" to #o
  #height := #o.Height
  #weight := #o.Weight
 write #height #weight
 create object #o of class "Mouse"
  send "Init" to #o
  #height := #o.Height
  #weight := #o.Weight
 write #height #weight
  end
```

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